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Whitehall, May 19, 1794.

A Diſpatch, dated Pointe à Petre, Guadaloupe, April 12, 1794, of which the following is an Extract, was this Day received from General Sir Charles Grey, K. B. by the Right Honorable Henry Dundas, His Majeſty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department.

IN my Diſpatch of the 4th Inſtant, I had the Honor to acquaint you with the Succeſs of His Majeſty's Arms in the Conqueſt of the Iſland of St. Lucia.

Having left Colonel Sir Charles Gordon to command in that Iſland, I re-embarked the ſame Day, and returned to Martinico the 5th Inſtant, where we ſhifted the Troops from the King's Ships back to the Tranſports, took on Board, during the 6th and 7th, the heavy Ordnance and Stores, Proviſions, &c. and ſailed again in the Morning of the 8th following: The Admiral detaching Captain Rogers with the Quebec, Captain Faulkner with the Blanche, Captain Incledon with the Ceres, and Captain Scott with the Roſe, to attack the ſmall Iſlands called the Saints, which they executed with infinite Gallantry and good Conduct, having landed Part of their Seamen and Marines, and carried them early in the Morning without Loſs. The Boyne, in which I ſailed with the Admiral, and the Veteran, anchored off this Place about Noon the 10th Inſtant, and ſome more of the Fleet in the Courſe of that Afternoon; but a freſh Wind and Lee Current prevented moſt of the Tranſports from getting in till Yeſterday, and ſome of them until this Day.

Without waiting, however, for the Arrival of all the Troops, I made a Landing at Goſier-Bay, at One o'Clock in the Morning of the 11th Inſtant, under the Fire of Fort Goſier and Fort Fleur d'Epée, with Part of the 1ſt and 2d Battalions of Grenadiers, One Company of the 43d Regiment, and 500 Seamen and Marines, detached by the Admiral, under the Command of Captain George Grey, of the Boyne; the Whole under the Conduct and Command of that able and vigilant Officer Colonel Symes, who had infinite Merit in the Execution of it; and the Land-

ing

ing was covered by Lord Garlies, in the Winchelsea, his Lordship having, with infinite Judgment and Intrepidity, placed his Ship so well and laid it so close to their Batteries, that they could not stand to their Guns, which were soon silenced.

In effecting this essential Service Lord Garlies was slightly wounded, and we did not suffer materially in any other respect. Some more of the Troops being arrived, and perceiving the Enemy in considerable Force and Number at the strong Situation of Fort Fleur d'Epée, I determined that no Time should be lost in attacking them, and carried those Posts by Storm at Five o'Clock this Morning, under a heavy Fire of Cannon and Musquetry, although they were found infinitely strong, and changed the Name of Fort d'Epée to that of Fort Prince of Wales; our Troops being ordered, which was strictly obeyed, not to fire, but to execute every Thing with the Bayonet, having previously made the following Disposition: The First Division, under the Command of His Royal Highness Prince Edward, consisting of the 1st and 2d Battalions of Grenadiers, and 100 of the Naval Battalion, to attack the Post on Morne Marcot. The Second, commanded by Major-General Dundas, consisting of the 1st and 2d Battalions of Light Infantry, and 100 of the Naval Battalion, to attack the Fort of Fleur d'Epée in the Rear, and to cut off its Communication with Fort Louis and Pointe à Petre. The Third, commanded by Colonel Symes, consisting of the 3d Battalion of Grenadiers, and the 3d Battalion of Light Infantry, and the Remainder of the Naval Battalion, to proceed by the Road on the Sea Side, to co-operate with Major-General Dundas. The Detachments of the Naval Battalion, who were of most essential Service in those brilliant Actions, were very ably commanded by Captain Nugent and Captain Faulknor. The Signal given for the Whole to commence the Attack, was a Gun from the Boyne by the Admiral, at Five o'Clock this Morning. The several Divisions having marched earlier, according to the Distance they had to go, to be ready to combine and commence the Attack at the same Instant; and this Service was performed with such Exactitude, superior Ability, Spirit and good Conduct by the Officers who severally commanded those Divisions, and every Officer and Soldier under them, as do them more Honor than I can find Words to convey an adequate Idea of, or to express the high Sense I entertain of their extraordinary Merit on the Occasion. The Success we have already had puts us in Possession of Grande Terre, and we shall use our utmost Exertions to get in Possession of Basseterre also, with all possible Expedition, to complete the Conquest of this Island. The Returns of Killed and Wounded, and also a Return of the Killed, Wounded and Prisoners taken of the Enemy, are transmitted herewith. The Commanding Officer of Artillery has not brought the Return of Ordnance and Ordnance Stores taken; but they shall be transmitted by the next Opportunity.

Return of Killed, Wounded and Missing in the Army commanded by his Excellency General Sir Charles Grey, K. B. &c. &c. &c. Guadaloupe, April 12, 1794.

1st Battalion of Grenadiers. 1 Rank and File killed; 1 Rank and File wounded.

1st Battalion of Light Infantry. 2 Rank and File killed; 1 Captain, 1 Lieutenant, and 15 Rank and File, wounded; 2 Rank and File, missing.

3d Battalion Ditto. 12 Rank and File, killed; 1 Captain, 2 Lieutenants, and 21 Rank and File, wounded.

43d Regiment. 1 Serjeant and 2 Rank and File, wounded.

Total. 15 Rank and File, killed; 2 Captains, 3 Lieutenants, 1 Serjeant, and 39 Rank and File, wounded; 2 Rank and File, missing.

Names of Officers wounded.

Captain M'Donald, 21st Regiment; Captain Robins, of the 60th Regiment, doing Duty in the 1st Light Infantry; Lieutenant Erskine, of the 1st Battalion of Royals, doing Duty in the 3d Battalion of Light Infantry; Lieutenant Thong, of the 6th Regiment; Lieutenant Gunthorpe, of the 48th Regiment, doing Duty in the 3d Battalion of Light Infantry.

(Signed) *Fra. Dundas,*
Adjutant General.

Return of the Killed, Wounded, and Priſoners of the Enemy, in the Fort of Fleur d'Epée, Grande Terre, April 13, 1794.

Killed - - - - -	67
Wounded - - - - -	55
White Priſoners - -	14
Mulattoes Ditto - -	18
Blacks - - - - -	78
	232

Wm. Allan, Dep. Prov. Marſhal.

Admiralty Office, May 19.

A Diſpatch, addreſſed to Mr. Stephens, (of which the following is a Copy) was this Day received from Vice-Admiral Sir John Jervis, K. B. and Commander in Chief of His Majeſty's Ships and Veſſels at Barbadoes and the Leeward Iſlands, dated Porte à Pitre, Guadaloupe, the 13th of April, 1794.

SIR,

I Deſire you will acquaint the Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, that I ſailed from St. Lucia on the 5th Inſtant, and anchored with the Squadron, Tranſports, Ordnance Storeſhips, &c. in Fort Royal Bay, Martinique, that Evening. On the 8th I proceeded with the Ships as per Margin, together with the neceſſary Tranſports with Troops, Ordnance and Hoſpital Ships, and Victuallers, for the Reduction of Guadaloupe; and the following Day Captain Rogers, of the Quebec, having under his Command the Ceres, Blanche and Roſe, was detached to take Poſſeſſion of les Iſles des Saints, which he effected, without any Loſs, at Three A. M. on the 10th, on which Day I anchored here; and at One o'Clock the next Morning the Grenadiers, from the Woolwich and Experiment, One Company of the 43d Regiment, 50 Marines, and 400 Seamen, made good their Landing in the Ance de Goſier, under Cover of the Winchelſea. Captain Lord Viſcount Garlies acquitted himſelf with great Addreſs and Spirit on the Occaſion, although he received a bad Contuſion from the Fire of a Battery againſt which he placed his Ship, in the good old Way, within Half Muſquet Shot. He was the ſingle Perſon wounded either of the Army or Navy. At Day-Break of the 12th the Fort of La Fleur d'Epée was carried by Aſſault, and the greateſt Part of the Garriſon were put to the Sword: A few brave Seamen were dangerouſly wounded in this gallant Action. Fort St. Louis, the Town of Point à Pitre, and the new Battery upon Iſlet à Couchon, were ſoon afterwards abandoned, and many of the Inhabitants eſcaped in Boats to Baſſeterre, before the Ceres and Two Gun-Boats could get into the Carenage to prevent them, notwithſtanding the Alertneſs and Preciſion with which Captain Incledon executed the Orders I ſent him by Captain Grey.

Boyne.
Irreſiſtible.
Veteran.
Winchelſea.
Solebay.
Quebec.
Ceres.
Blanche.
Roſe.
Woolwich.
Experiment.
Roebuck.

The Ardour of the Officer, Soldier and Seaman ſurmounts every Difficulty.

The ſmall Number of Troops the General Sir Charles Grey was under the Neceſſity of leaving to garriſon Martinique, induced me to order Commodore Thompſon to remain there, with the Vengeance, to co-operate with Lieutenant-General Preſcott in eſtabliſhing Order and good Government in the Iſland, for the Preſervation of the Conqueſt, and to execute many other Duties eſſential for the Weal of His Majeſty's Service.

I am,
With great Conſideration,
SIR,
Your moſt obedient
humble Servant,
J. JERVIS.

An Account of the Killed and Wounded belonging to the Ships of the Squadron under my Command, on the 12th of April, 1794, at the Storming of Fort La Fleur d'Epée.

Boyne. Mr. George Roe Port, Midſhipman, and 9 Seamen, wounded.

Blanche. Mr. Robert Colquhoun, Midſhipman, and 2 Seamen, wounded.

Total. 13.

J. Jervis.

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